

# Partnering With Families for Healthy Child Development

Training to Go



#### **Session Goals**

- Reflect on how programs can support healthy child and adolescent development in four areas.
- Learn strategies for collaborating and communicating with families.
- Consider families' roles in supporting the healthy development of students your program.
- Develop mission statements that reflect a commitment to partnering with families to support students' development.

## Nature vs. Nurture (Environment)



#### True or False?

- Your students have already experienced many environmental factors that are unknown to you.
  - If a student seems anxious or withdrawn, it's safe to assume the student hasn't experienced a truly nurturing environment.
- Your program environment can influence students' development for years to come.



#### **Areas of Child Development**

#### **Physical**



Cognitive





**Emotional** 

**Social** 

## **Environment: Physical Development**



#### **Considerations**

- Food and water
- Exercise
- Sleep
- Health care and self-care

#### **Ways to Address in Program Environment**

- Community food partners, water fountain
- Diverse equipment and adequate time
- A quiet, comfortable corner
- Connect with resources, restroom access, first aid, commitment to safety





- Thought processes
- Problem Solving
- Decision Making

#### **Ways to Address in Program Environment**

- Intentional space, materials, student grouping
- Model curiosity
- Exploration and open-ended questions
- Understanding: break it down, build it up, brainstorm
- Open discussions on varied topics for teens
- Academic supports







#### **Considerations**

- Forming secure relationships
- Recognizing, expressing and manage feelings
- Having empathy for the feelings of others
- Honoring other opinions when deciding or acting

#### **Ways to Address Program Environment**

- Show you're trustworthy and affectionate
- Design group activities thoughtfully
- Use books to promote positive interpersonal messages
- Honor all types of diversity
- Set limits and expectations



## Families and Programs Want...



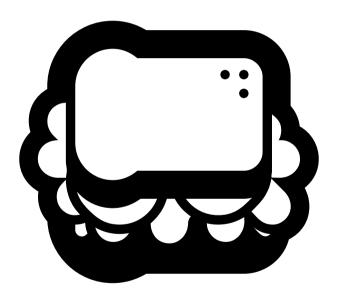


## To Build Positive Relationships...

- Greet families every day
- Get to know them
- Ask about their day or significant events
- Share something about their child each day
- Formalize conferences share work samples, observations, goals, questions



#### **Feedback Sandwich**



A Positive

A Concern

A Positive/Plan



## **Tough Conversations**

- Keep it confidential.
- Read the room.
- Let your compassion be known.
- Follow up on the positives.



## **Family Surveys**





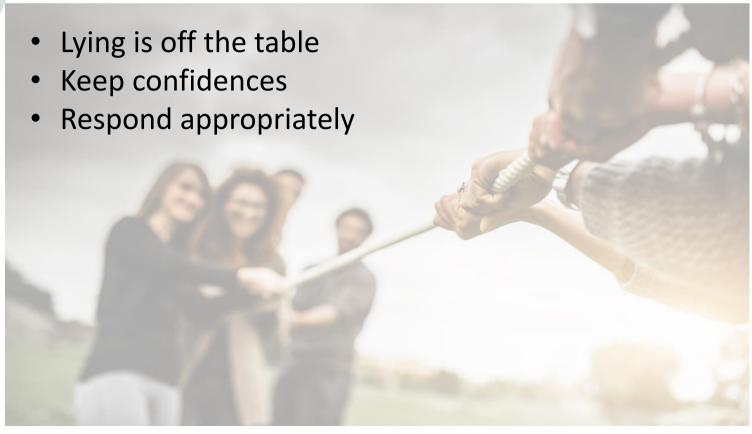
## Families as Program Advisors

- Arts
- Career pathways
- Civics
- Equity
- Inclusion
- Literacy
- Project-based learning
- Sports
- STEM/STEAM





### Family Partnership: Teens





#### Scenario

You just moved up to the high school 21st CCLC program after working in the elementary school program for years. Lucinda, now 16, is excited to see you again, as is her mother. Lucinda tells you privately that her boyfriend is pressuring her to be more intimate. You encourage her not to do anything she's not sure about, and to talk with her mother about it. Three weeks later, Lucinda's mom emails you and asks if you know anything about the boyfriend. How do you respond?



#### Mission: Child and Adolescent Development

#### Show families that you're committed to:

- Understanding development
- Watching for warning signs
- Working collaboratively
- Providing appropriate activities
- Ensuring a healthy environment



#### **Your Take on the Mission**



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Kids don't come with owner's manuals. You have to figure each of them out, and by the time you do, they're gone.

Richard Paul Evans



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